# COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT COOS COUNTY, OREGON

# **FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### **COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT**

June 30, 2021

### **Airport Officials**

Helen Brunell Mineau, Chairman 2670 Broadway North Bend, OR 97459

Michael Collins, Vice Chairman 625 H Street Coos Bay, OR 97420

Joe Benetti, Commissioner PO Box 283 Coos Bay, OR 97420

Dr. Brent Pahls, Commissioner 346 N Central Coquille, OR 97423

Jason Bell, Commissioner 1257 Laurel Ave Coos Bay, OR 97420

Theresa Cook, Executive Director

James Martin, District Counsel

1100 Airport Lane North Bend, OR 97459

# COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

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December 21, 2021

To the Board of Commissioners Coos County Airport District Coos County, Oregon

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Coos County Airport District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Coos County Airport District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of passenger facility charges is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of passenger facility charges are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of passenger facility charges is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The listing of board members located before the table of contents, and the other information, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2020 on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated December 21, 2021, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

The Coos County Airport District (the Airport) is a special municipal district created by the electorates of Coos County on November 5, 2002. As management of Coos County Airport District, we offer readers of the Airport's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Airport's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The net position of the Airport increased by \$5,607,759 during the year ended June 30, 2021. This was mostly a function of asset acquisition and an increase in cash.

The Passenger Facilities Charges Fund which is reserved for capital projects, received \$35,097, from fees collected and bank account interest earned.

Based on the history of employment, the Airport elected to self-insure its' potential unemployment claims rather than paying into the State trust fund. During the fiscal year the Airport incurred charges against this reserve of \$11,719.

# **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Airport's basic financial statements. This audit report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements (including notes), and required and other supplementary financial information and schedules. This report is guided by accounting and reporting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, similar to a business, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position that includes the Airport's assets, liabilities, and net position at year-end; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, which include all revenues, expenses, and grants received for the year; and statement of cash flows, which present the sources and uses of cash for the year. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. Following the financial statements is a section of supplemental financial information, which is required by GASB, and further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. This section is followed by sections entitled supplementary information. Of special significance to the readers of the financial statements is that monies are restricted by Federal Aviation Administration regulations for use at the Airport only.

For financial reporting purposes, management considers the activities related to the operation of the Airport as those of a unitary nature and are reported as such. The accounts of the Airport are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The number of funds maintained are consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

**Proprietary funds** are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Proprietary funds include the following fund type:

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the governing board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The individual funds of the Airport comprising the enterprise type are:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. This includes all administrative, operating, and marketing costs of the Airport.

<u>Construction Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for capital construction projects.

<u>Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) Fund</u> - This fund was created by Airport resolution to account for passenger facility charge revenues.

<u>Building Reserve Fund</u> - This fund was created by the Airport to account for purchasing or improvement of land and buildings.

<u>Unemployment Fund</u> - This fund was created by the Airport to self-insure the potential unemployment costs which the Airport may incur in future years. Funding is provided by a transfer from the General Fund.

<u>Business Enterprise Center (BEC) Fund</u> - This fund was created by the Airport to track financial results subsequent to the Airport assuming the BEC's operational duties from the Oregon International Port of Coos Bay. Funding is provided by the collection of monthly rents.

<u>Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Fund</u> - This fund was created by the Airport to track financial results subsequent to the Airport assuming the BLM's operational duties. Funding is provided by the collection of monthly rents.

<u>DHS Multi Services Campus (DHS) Fund</u> – This fund was created by the Airport to track financial results subsequent to the Airport's assuming a lease with the Department of Human Services. Funding is provided by the collection of monthly rents.

### **Financial History**

The Airport assumed operational control of the Southwest Oregon Regional Airport from the Oregon International Port of Coos Bay on December 1, 2003 by intergovernmental agreement. All property, plant and equipment of the historically named North Bend Municipal Airport, previously owned by the City of North Bend, Oregon were transferred to the Airport under the 2003 intergovernmental agreement. The actual property transfer was made official on June 15, 2005 after approval was received from the Federal Aviation Administration. The monetary transactions relating to the assumption of the Airport properties have been included in these statements at the depreciated value reported by the City of North Bend as of June 30, 2004.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A condensed version of the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2021, and 2020, follows:

#### **Net Position**

	Business-type activities						
		2021		2020	Percentage Change	9	
Current and other assets	\$	7,347,073	\$	6,204,456	18.42	%	
Capital assets		55,249,994		51,414,805	7.46		
Total assets		62,597,067		57,619,261	8.64		
Total deferred outflows of resources		469,751		453,652	3.55		
Long-term liabilities outstanding		18,844,619		18,983,830	(0.73)	)	
Other liabilities		2,264,239		2,844,684	(20.40)	)	
Total liabilities		21,108,858		21,828,514	(3.30)	)	
Total deferred inflows of resources		286,758		180,956	58.47		
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets		38,903,033		35,433,819	9.79		
Unrestricted		2,768,169		629,624	339.65		
Total net position	\$	41,671,202	\$	36,063,443	15.55		

Current and other assets increased due to an increase in grant revenue and loan proceeds. The loan proceeds will be used for building improvements.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are related to pension and other postemployment benefits and are determined by an actuarial. See the pension and other postemployment benefits notes in the notes to basic financial statements for more information.

Long-term liabilities remained the same as the Airport issued additional debt and paid on debt.

Other liabilities include a decrease in accounts payable related to construction and airport improvement projects.

A condensed version of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the years ended June 30, 2021, and 2020, follows:

### **Changes in Net Position**

	Business-type activities							
					Percentage			
		2021		2020	Change			
Revenues								
Operating revenues								
Charges for services	_\$	3,449,316	\$	3,271,095	5.45 %			
Non-Operating revenues								
Property taxes		1,342,193		1,293,045	3.80			
Grant revenues		7,332,539		4,354,382	68.39			
Insurance proceeds		-		14,042	(100.00)			
Passenger facility charges		42,812		39,753	7.70			
Interest income		17,112		28,471	(39.90)			
Miscellaneous		23,607		2,000	1,080.35			
Total non-operating revenues		8,758,263		5,731,693	52.80			
Total revenues		12,207,579		9,002,788	35.60			
Expenses								
Operating expenses		2,668,820		2,494,817	6.97			
Depreciation and amortization		3,142,241		3,022,343	3.97			
Pension expense		118,810		187,247	(36.55)			
OPEB expense		(1,909)		(564)	238.48			
Non-operating expenses		671,858		687,000	(2.20)			
Total expenses		6,599,820		6,390,843	3.27			
Increase (decrease) in net position		5,607,759		2,611,945	114.70			
Net position - beginning		36,063,443		33,451,498	7.81			
Net position - ending	\$	41,671,202	\$	36,063,443	15.55			

Operating revenue increased due to increased airport usage.

Grant revenues increased due to federal funds received for airport runway improvement projects and COVID-19 related grant funds.

The operating expenses increase is related to an increase in personnel services costs.

### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2021, the Airport had \$55 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including the terminal, the runway/taxiway enhancements, the ATC tower, the commercial hangar and commercial buildings. This is outlined below.

### Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Business-type activities									
		2021		2020	Percentage Change					
Runway/Taxi	\$	12,355,979	\$	9,221,895	33.99 %					
Parking Lots		29,783		32,491	(8.33)					
Land Improvements		234,830		281,951	(16.71)					
Intangibles		72,070		100,903	(28.57)					
Infrastructure		643,643		733,155	(12.21)					
Buildings		33,561,755		35,096,613	(4.37)					
Equipment		402,639		386,120	4.28					
Land		425,391		425,391	-					
Construction in progress		7,523,904		5,136,286	46.49					
Total	\$	55,249,994	\$	51,414,805	7.46					

### **Change in Capital Assets**

	Business-type activities									
		2021		2020	Percentage Change	•				
Beginning Balance	\$	51,414,805	\$	50,176,366	2.47	%				
Additions		6,977,430		4,260,782	63.76					
Retirement of assets (cost less										
accumulated depreciation)		-		-						
Depreciation current year		(3,142,241)		(3,022,343)	3.97					
Total	\$	55,249,994	\$	51,414,805	7.46					

During the 2020-21 fiscal year, capital improvements included airport runway improvement projects, building improvement projects and costs of construction of a fire station. The Airport completed an airport runway lighting and signs project during the 2020-2021 fiscal year. At year end, several projects were still in progress.

Decreases are due to depreciation.

#### **Debt Administration**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Airport had total debt of \$16.4 million.

# Long-Term Debt

	 Business-type activities								
				Percentage					
	 2021		2020	Change					
Intergovernmental loans	\$ 9,228,144	\$	9,630,464	(4.18) %					
Commercial loans	 7,178,711		6,795,166	5.64					
	\$ 16,406,855	\$	16,425,630	(0.11)					

This Airport paid off two loans during the 2020-2021 fiscal year. The District also issued debt for a building improvement project.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

As part of the Airport's strategic and business planning process, assumptions are made regarding passenger, cargo, and economic growth to produce the annual budget.

### **Next Year's Budget**

The following economic factors currently affect the Airport and were considered in developing the 2021-2022 budget.

- Property values are expected to increase by about 3%
- Health insurance premiums are expected to rise

### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Airport's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Theresa Cook, Executive Director, Coos County Airport District, 1100 Airport Lane, North Bend, OR 97459.



# COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

ASSETS Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,743,775
Trade receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$7,450)	151,107
Ingergovernmental receivable	330,856
Property taxes receivable	121,335
Total current assets	7,347,073
Non-current assets	
Depreciable properties, net of accumulated depreciation	47,300,699
Nondepreciable properties	7,949,295
Total non-current assets Total assets	55,249,994
Total assets	62,597,067
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferral	454,340
OPEB related deferral	15,411
Total deferred outflows of resources	469,751
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 63,066,818
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	
Operating	\$ 142,506
Construction	493,302
Accrued expenses	62,423
Accrued interest	272,445
Unearned revenue	22,599
Contractor retention payable	263,565
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	12,469
Current portion of deferred interest payable	56,309
Current portion of long-term debt	938,621
Total current liabilities	2,264,239
Non-current liabilities	
Long term portion of accrued compensated absences	70,658
Deferred interest payable	788,321
Long-term debt	16,677,104
Net pension liability	1,236,695
Net OPEB liability	71,841
Total non-current liabilities	18,844,619
Total liabilities	21,108,858
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related deferral	252,889
OPEB related deferral	33,869
Total deferred inflows of resources	286,758
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	38 003 033
Unrestricted	38,903,033 2,768,169
Total net position	41,671,202
rotal not position	71,071,202
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 63,066,818

# **COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT**

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

June 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 3,449,316
ODEDATING EVDENOES	
OPERATING EXPENSES	4 276 520
Salaries, wages and fringe benefits	1,376,520
Contract, professional and consulting services	221,812
Materials and supplies	40,252
Utilities and telephone	230,164
Equipment rentals, fuel and lubricants	21,870
Insurance	220,703
Fire service expense	37,992
Travel and other management expenses	37,944
Building and equipment repairs and maintenance	481,563
Depreciation and amortization	 3,142,241
Total operating expenses	 5,811,061
Operating income (loss)	(2,361,745)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Property taxes	1,342,193
Federal grant revenues	7,144,966
State grant revenues	187,573
Passenger facility charge revenue	42,812
Insurance proceeds	-
Pension expense	(118,810)
OPEB expense	1,909
Interest expense	(670,386)
Interest income	17,112
Miscellaneous income	23,607
Miscellaneous expense	(1,472)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 7,969,504
Net change in net position	5,607,759
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	 36,063,443
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 41,671,202

# COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Statement of Cash Flows

June 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$	3,403,994
Cash payments to employees		(1,317,925)
Cash payments to suppliers and vendors		(1,201,544)
Net cash used by operating activities		884,525
CACH ELOWO EDOM NONCADITAL FINANCINO ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,351,388
Property taxes Grant proceeds from government agencies		9,702,460
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		11,053,848
Net cash provided (used) by horicapital illiancing activities		11,055,040
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures		(7,707,319)
Interest paid		(805,424)
Proceeds from passenger facility charges		35,088
Principal payments on long-term debt		(1,419,244)
Issuance of debt		1,400,000
Other		2,481
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(8,494,418)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received		17,112
	-	,
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,461,067
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,282,708
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	6,743,775
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH		
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,361,745)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net		
cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		3,142,241
Changes in assets and liabilities		-,,
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(62,220)
Decrease in prepaid items		16,363
Increase in accounts payable		81,101
Increase in accrued expenses		51,887
(Increase in) deferred revenue		16,898
Total adjustments		3,246,270
Nick cools are all his consulting a constant	Φ.	004.505
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	884,525

# **NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Notes to the basic financial statements consist of a summary of significant accounting policies and all additional information necessary for a fair presentation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accounting principles.

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE AIRPORT AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Reporting Entity**

The Airport is a special municipal district pursuant to ORS 338, created by vote of the electors of Coos County on November 5, 2002. It is responsible for management of aviation trade at the Southwestern Oregon Regional Airport and the facilities surrounding the airport. The Airport owns property that it leases to area businesses and individuals.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The accounting and reporting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to proprietary funds of local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Accordingly, the accrual basis of accounting is utilized, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The Airport has adopted all applicable GASB Statements with effective beginning dates on or before June 30, 2021.

In evaluating how to define the Airport for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. Based upon the application of the criteria established by GASB, there are no component units which are required to be included in the reporting Airport in accordance with GASB 61.

### **Basis of Presentation**

As discussed above, this report is guided by accounting and reporting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, similar to a business, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of when cash is received or paid. The basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position that includes the assets, liabilities, and net position at year end; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, which include all revenues, expenses, and grants received for construction for the year; and statement of cash flows, which present the sources and uses of cash for the year.

For financial reporting purposes, management considers the activities related to operations as those of a unitary nature and are reported as such. The accounts are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the governing board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The individual funds comprising the business-type funds are:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. This includes all administrative, operating, and marketing costs of the Airport. Revenues consist primarily of general property tax levies and charges for services.

<u>Building Reserve Fund</u> – This fund accounts for purchasing or improvement of land and buildings.

<u>Construction Fund</u> – This fund was established to account for major construction. Revenues consist primarily of grants, transfers, and loan proceeds.

<u>DHS Multi Services Campus Fund</u> – This fund was created to account for activity and debt service payments related to facilities owned by the Airport and leased to the Department of Human Services.

<u>Business Enterprise Center Fund</u> – This fund was created to account for activity related to a commercial property for which the Airport is responsible. Revenues consist primarily of rent receipts.

<u>BLM Facility Fund</u> – This fund was created to account for activity and debt service payments related to a facility owned by the Airport and leased to the Bureau of Land Management.

<u>Passenger Facility Charges Fund</u> – This fund accounts for passenger facility charge revenues.

<u>Unemployment Fund</u> – This fund self-insures for the potential unemployment costs which may incur in future years. Funding was provided by a transfer from the General Fund.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues and expenses that are earned or incurred during the course of normal business operations are classified as operating. Revenues and expenses that are earned or incurred outside of the course of normal operations, including interest income and expense, property taxes, grants, and passenger facility charges, are classified as nonoperating.

### **Restricted Assets and Related Liabilities**

Assets and related liabilities restricted for specific purposes, primarily construction, are segregated on the balance sheet. All restricted assets are available to pay restricted liabilities due within one year. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Trade Receivables**

Accounts receivable consists of rents due from tenants, charges due from air craft using airport services and facilities, and reimbursements. The Airport evaluates the financial capacity of prospective and current customers to determine their ability to pay amounts due on a timely basis. Various forms of collateral, including letters of credit and contract pledges from commercial airlines, are obtained from certain customers. Accounts receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis. Trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are an enforceable lien on real and personal property. Taxes are levied on July 1 and payable in full on November 15, although three installments, on November 15, February 15, and May 15, are allowed. Coos County bills, collects and remits the property taxes to the Airport. The Airport is permitted by the Constitution of Oregon to levy taxes in an amount subject to the limitations of Measure 5 and Measure 50 for general governmental services. The permanent tax rate to finance general governmental services for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$0.2400 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

Capital assets with an individual purchase cost exceeding \$5,000 and with a useful life exceeding one year are capitalized and properties subject to depreciation are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on the straight-line basis. The useful lives generally range from 15 to 40 years for land improvements, 20 to 30 years for buildings and terminals, and 3 to 15 years for equipment. Normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operating expenses as incurred; expenditures for major additions, improvements, infrastructure, and replacements are capitalized. Assets acquired under capital leases are also capitalized and depreciated. The cost of assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts in the year of disposal with the resulting gain or loss credited or charged to nonoperating revenue or expense.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Airport considers cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Airport maintains some merged bank accounts for its funds.

### Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies and Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

 $\underline{\text{Level 1}}$  – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

<u>Level 2</u> – other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market–corroborated inputs)

<u>Level 3</u> – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

### Accrued Vacation, Holiday, Comp., and Sick Leave Pay

Vacation, Holiday, and Comp payable, reported at \$83,127 as of June 30, 2021, is accrued as earned for most employees.

Vacation is based on length of past service, up to a maximum number of hours per employee, except for the Executive Director's hours. Vacation liabilities are reduced when leave is taken, and unused portions are paid off upon termination.

All employees receive 16 hours of holiday at the beginning of each calendar year to be used at their discretion and may accumulate addition holiday time for holidays worked. Comp time (overtime) must be approved in advance and is limited to 40 hours.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Employees also accumulate sick pay. However, sick pay must be used for the employee to gain a benefit as no accumulated sick pay is paid upon termination. Accordingly, sick pay is recorded as an expense when paid and no liability is recorded for accumulated amounts.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue in the General Fund and Business Enterprise Center Fund represent prepaid lease payments of hangers and other buildings, and security deposits.

### **Deferred Interest**

Deferred interest in the General Fund represents interest on a loan with the State Economic and Community Development Department. This loan was originally issued in the amount of \$5,900,000 in May 2007. The interest accrued from 2007 through December 31, 2015. The interest has been recorded as a liability since it has already matured and is fully due. The balance is being paid yearly on a straight line basis through December 1, 2035.

### Accounting for Grants and Contributions from the Federal Government and Others

Capital grants and other contributions from governmental agencies are recorded as net position when earned. Lease improvements acquired upon termination of leases are included in properties and credited to net position at estimated fair value at date of acquisition.

#### **Passenger Facility Charges**

Passenger facility charges (PFC) are imposed on enplaned passengers at the Airport. PFC revenue is recorded as nonoperating revenue and is required to be used to fund Federal Aviation Administration approved expenditures for capital projects or debt repayments eligible under federal legislation permitting the imposition of PFC.

### **Budget**

All funds are budgeted in accordance with the requirements of the State of Oregon Local Budget Law. The Board authorizes appropriations for each fund, setting the level by which disbursements cannot legally exceed appropriations. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. The level of control of disbursements of each fund is personal services, materials and services, debt service, capital outlay, contingency and transfers. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified during the fiscal year by the use of appropriations transfers between the legal categories. Such transfers require approval by the Board.

All funds were budgeted on the cash basis of accounting for the year ended June 30, 2021. Under the cash basis of accounting, receipts are recorded when received and disbursements are recorded as paid in cash or by check.

All disbursements were within appropriation levels for the year ended June 30, 2021.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The Airport's balance sheet shows deferred outflows for pension and OPEB related deferrals.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Airport's balance sheet shows deferred inflows for pension and OPEB related deferrals.

#### **Pensions**

Substantially all of the Airport's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). For the purpose of measuring the net position liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of OPERS and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The District maintains a separate accountability by fund for cash and cash equivalents.

Per federal requirements, passenger facility charges are accounted for in the Passenger Facility Charges Fund Checking Account. Cash is transferred to the General Fund Checking Account when necessary. The Passenger Facility Charges Fund Checking Account earns interest.

All deposits are made to two banks. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Airport's deposits may not be returned to it. The insurance and collateral requirements for deposits are established by banking regulations and Oregon law. Effective July 1, 2008, state statutes (ORS 295.002) allow public officials to deposit public funds in one or more depositories currently qualified pursuant to ORS 295.001 to 295.108. As long as the bank depository has entered into an agreement (ORS 295.008(2)(b)) and has deposited securities pursuant to state statutes (ORS 295.015(1)), the Airport may now have on deposit at any one bank depository and its branches, a sum in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

At June 30, 2021, the deposits had a bank value of \$3,013,123. The full balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as determined by the Oregon State Treasurer.

The Airport does not have policies regarding custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, concentration of credit risk, or any other credit risks. No losses have been suffered from deposits.

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES**

### **Trade Receivables**

At June 30, 2021, an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$7,450 had been established. Trade receivables of \$158,557 less the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$7,450 is \$151,107, which is shown on the statement of net position.

# **Property Taxes Receivable**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Airport levied a net tax of \$1,376,364. The total property taxes receivable at June 30, 2021 amounted to \$121,335 of which \$61,052 was for the year ended June 30, 2021.

	Receivable 6/30/2020		Levied 2020-2021		Adjustments and Interest		Collected	eceivable /30/2021
Current Prior	\$ - 130,530	\$	1,376,364	\$	(49,482) 5,183	\$	1,265,830 75,430	\$ 61,052 60,283
Total	\$ 130,530	\$	1,376,364	\$	(44,299)	\$	1,341,260	\$ 121,335

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity and balances consist of the following for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending of Year
Capital assets, depreciable					
Runway/Taxiway	\$ 26,457,507		\$ -	\$ 4,345,103	\$ 30,802,610
Parking Lots	952,092	-	-	-	952,092
Land Improvements	1,648,106	35,851	-	-	1,683,957
Intangibles	300,945	-	-	-	300,945
Infrastructure	6,330,372	39,610	-	-	6,369,982
Buildings	49,726,074		-	50,395	49,776,469
Equipment	1,824,828	118,853		<u> </u>	1,943,681
Total	87,239,924	194,314		4,395,498	91,829,736
Less accumulated depreciation					
Runway/Taxiway	17,235,612	1,211,019	-	-	18,446,631
Parking Lots	919,601	2,708	-	-	922,309
Land Improvements	1,366,155	82,972	-	-	1,449,127
Intangibles	200,042	28,833	-	-	228,875
Infrastructure	5,597,217	129,122	-	-	5,726,339
Buildings	14,629,461	1,585,253	-	-	16,214,714
Equipment	1,438,708	102,334			1,541,042
Total	41,386,796	3,142,241			44,529,037
Total assets being depreciated, net	45,853,128	(2,947,927)	-	4,395,498	47,300,699
Capital assets - non-depreciable					
Land	425,391	-	-	-	425,391
Construction in progress	5,136,286	6,783,116	<del>-</del>	(4,395,498)	7,523,904
Total non-depreciated assets	5,561,677	6,783,116		(4,395,498)	7,949,295
Total capital assets, net	\$ 51,414,805	\$ 3,835,189	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,249,994

### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

By intergovernmental agreement with the Port of Coos Bay, the Airport assumed two prior existing loans with the State of Oregon relating to airport activities. These loans are commonly referred to as the T-Hangar Loan and the Business Park Expansion Loan. Additionally, the Airport assumed repayment of expenditures greater than operating revenues, property taxes and PFCs made by the Port of Coos Bay for the purpose of providing funds for airport operations and the maintenance and administration of other airport properties not directly involved in airport operations.

The T-Hangar loan was incurred by the Port of Coos Bay from the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department Oregon Port Revolving Fund. The original loan was dated April 13, 2000. The Airport assumed the obligation with the original lender. The note requires quarterly installments in the amount of \$6,805, payable on the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the last month of each calendar quarter. The loan payment includes interest at the rate of 6 percent per annum on the unpaid balance. During the year under audit, principal payments of \$60,998 were made and the balance of the loan at June 30, 2021 was \$0.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

On November 8, 2016, the airport signed a promissory note with a local bank in the amount of \$700,000. The loan was used for construction costs on a build to suit which the Department of Human Services will lease and occupy. The loan requires monthly payments of \$6,812 through October 2021. The interest rate is 3.12. During the year under audit, principal payments of \$473,465 were made and the balance of the loan at June 30, 2021 was \$0.

On November 8, 2016, the airport signed a promissory note with a local bank in the amount of \$1,500,000. The loan was used for construction costs for remodeling a building which the Department of Human Services is leasing. This loan required interest only payments from November 8, 2016 through May 8, 2016. The loan requires monthly payments of \$11,585 through November 2026 and then monthly payments of \$11,633 through November 2031. This note has a variable interest rate which may change every five years based on the 5 Year Long-Term, Fixed-Rate Advance Rate. The interest rate will never be lower than 4.23%. The rate at June 30, 2021, was 4.23%. During the year under audit, principal payments of \$86,791 were made and the balance of the loan at June 30, 2021 was \$1,166,850. If an event of default occurs under this Agreement, at any time thereafter, Lender shall have all the rights of a secured party under the Oregon Uniform Commercial Code. In addition and without limitation, Lender may exercise- any ones or more of the following rights and remedies: 1. Accelerate Indebtedness. Lender may declare the entire Indebtedness, including any prepayment penalty which Grantor would be required to pay, immediately due and payable, without notice of any kind to Granter. 2. Assemble Collateral, 3. Sell the Collateral, 4. Appoint Receiver, Lender shall have the right to have a receiver appointed to take possession of all or any part of the collateral, 5. Collect revenues, apply accounts. Lender, either itself or through a receiver, may collect the payments, rents, income, end revenues from the Collateral, 6. Obtain deficiency. If Lender chooses to sell any or all of the Collateral, Lender may obtain a judgment against Grantor for any deficiency remaining on the indebtedness due to lender after application of all amounts received from the exercise of the rights provided in the Agreement. In the agreement Items held as collateral consist of any and all leases, between Coos County Airport District, as Landlord, and The State of Oregon, by and through Its Department of Human Services, as Tenant, for premises located at 2675 Colorado Avenue. North Bend. OR 97459

On July 1, 2019, the Airport entered into a taxable financing agreement with a bank in the amount of \$5,444,000. The loan was used to refinance certain debt loans as well as to finance construction costs. The loan required monthly payments of principal and interest for years 1-5 of \$46,253. For years 6-15 monthly principal and interest amounts would have been \$33,566 assuming no use of draw down provision. The interest rate is a 15 year taxable fixed interest rate of 3.35%. On September 1, 2020, the Airport amended the financing agreement with an increase of \$1,400,000 to \$6,844,000. During the balance of the years 1-5 the monthly principal and interest amounts are \$56,834 per month. For years 6-15 monthly principal and interest amounts are estimated at \$44,147 per month.

During the year under audit, principal payments of \$456,199 were made and the balance of the loan at June 30, 2021 was \$6,011,861. Upon the occurrence of any Event of Default the Lender may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity. However, the amounts due from the Airport under this Financing Agreement shall not be subject to acceleration.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

On April 10, 2018, the Airport signed a promissory note with the Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority in the amount of \$11,562,895. The Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority sold bonds with a premium paid of \$1,422,200 leaving a principal balance of \$10,140,695. Principal and interest payments are due December 1, 2018, through December 1, 2037. The interest rates vary with the first two years at 4% and the future years at 5% with an all-in true interest cost of 3.48%. During the year under audit, principal payments of \$341,322 were made and the balance of the loan at June 30, 2021 was \$9,228,144. In the event of a default the Lender may pursue any remedies available under the Loan Agreement, including but not limited to the following remedies and actions: A: declaring all Loan payments and all other amounts to be paid by Recipient under this Loan Agreement or any other Loan Document (including, but not limited to Department's cost of defeasance of the portion of any State Bonds allocable to the Loan, if all or a portion of the principal of and interest on the State Bonds has been accelerated pursuant to the Bond Indenture) to be immediately due and payable, and upon notice to Recipient the same shall become immediately due and payable without further notice or demand. B: Terminating all further disbursements of Loan proceeds. C: Declaring Recipient ineligible to receive future awards from Department. D: Withholding all or a portion of any amounts otherwise due to Recipient and applying them. In the agreement Items held as collateral consist of real property located at 1431 Airport Lane, North Bend, OR 97459.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Business-Type Activities								
Direct Borrowings and	Beginning			Ending	Due Within			
Placements	Balances	Additions	Reductions	Balances	One Year			
Intergovernmental loans	\$ 9,630,464	\$ -	\$ 402,320	\$ 9,228,144	\$ 359,138			
Commercial loans	6,795,166	1,400,000	1,016,455	7,178,711	579,483			
Premium	1,279,980	_	71,110	1,208,870				
Total	\$ 17,705,610	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,489,885	\$ 17,615,725	\$ 938,621			

Total debt service requirements to maturity for all issues is:

Business-Type Activities							
Maturities by							
Fiscal Year	P	rincipal		Interest		Total	
2021-22	\$	938,621	\$	759,264	\$	1,697,885	
2022-23		977,125		720,761		1,697,886	
2023-24		1,017,547		680,625		1,698,172	
2024-25		908,832		641,046		1,549,878	
2025-26		945,052		602,575		1,547,627	
2026-31		5,372,608		2,375,527		7,748,135	
2031-36		4,725,036		1,233,010		5,958,046	
2036-41		1,522,034		115,056		1,637,090	
Total	\$1	6,406,855	\$	7,127,864	\$2	23,534,719	

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 6 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

Following is a summary of changes in compensated absences for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 75,906	\$ 81,769	\$ 74,548	\$ 83,127	\$ 12,469

#### **NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2020-CAFR.pdf
If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238)**. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - i. **Pension Benefits**. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

- ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following contributions are met:
  - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death.
  - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

- member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- iii. Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv. Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.
- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)**. The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - i. Pension Benefits. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:
    - Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
    - General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.
    - A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.
  - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
  - iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

**Contributions** – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2019. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$115,999, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition approximately \$44,220 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the District in fiscal 2021. Since the District's financial statements are reported on the cash basis, no amounts are reported on the balance sheet for pension related assets, deferred outflows, liabilities or deferred inflows. Had the District's financial statements been reported in accordance with GAAP, it would have reported a net pension liability of \$1,236,695 at June 30, 2021 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2018.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District's proportion was .006 percent and .007 percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$118,142

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2021 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 18.91%
- (2) OPSRP general services 14.61%

	Deferred Outflow of		Deferred Inflow of	
	Re	esources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	54,430	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		66,370		2,325
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				-
plan investments		145,419		
Changes in proportionate share		72,122		192,817
Differences between employer contributions and employer's				
proportionate share of system contributions		-		57,747
Subtotal - amortized deferrals		338,341		252,889
Contributions		115,999		-
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	454,340	\$	252,889

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

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### NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_ Amoun	t
2022	\$ 127,5	62
2023	32,3	339
2024	40,5	544
2025	12,2	281
2026	(11,2	275)
Total	\$ 201,4	151

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated March 5, 2021. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2020-CAFR.pdf

<u>Actuarial Valuations</u> – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount

necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

Valuation date	December 31, 2018
Experience Study Report	2018, Published July 24, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent
Discount rate	7.20 percent
Projected salary increase	3.50 percent
Cost of Living Adjustment	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision, blend based on service
	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
Mortality	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2018 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2018.

### **Assumed Asset Allocation:**

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternative Investments	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%
Total			100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2020 PERS CAFR; p. 102)

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in May 2019 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	Compound Annual
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Core Fixed Income	9.60%	4.07%
Short-Term Bonds	9.60%	3.68%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.60%	5.19%
High Yield Bonds	1.20%	5.74%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	16.17%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.35%	6.68%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.35%	6.79%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.48%	6.91%
Emerging Market Equities	4.24%	7.69%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.93%	7.25%
Private Equity	17.50%	8.33%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.55%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.69%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	1.50%	4.06%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	38.00%	5.59%
Timber	1.13%	5.61%
Farmland	1.13%	6.12%
Infrastructure	2.25%	6.67%
Commodities	1.13%	3.79%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50%

(Source: June 30, 2020 PERS CAFR; p. 74)

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.20 percent) or one percent higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

		Discount Rate (7.2%)	
Airport's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,836,390	\$ 1,236,695	\$ 733,823

## **Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date**

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2020 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the District for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of resignation, death, disability, or retirement; unforeseeable emergency; or by requesting a de minimis distribution from inactive accounts valued less than \$5,000. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the District.

### **OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)**

#### Plan Description:

Employees of the District are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

#### Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

### Contributions:

Employees of the District pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. The District did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan - (RHIA)

### **Plan Description:**

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

### **Funding Policy:**

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating districts are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the District currently contributes 0.53% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.45% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2021. Consistent with GASB Statement 75, the OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates as a measure of the proportionate relationship of the employer to all employers consistent with the manner in which contributions to the OPEB plan are determined. The basis for the employer's portion is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. The District's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2020 and 2021 were \$2,893, \$123, and \$125, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2021, the District's net OPEB liability/(asset) and deferred inflows and outflows were not considered significant by management and were not accrued on the government wide statements.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

### **NOTE 8 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The Airport offers employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457(b). The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The Airport only makes contributions for the Executive Director as per the contract with the Executive Director.

### NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description: The District operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan that provides postemployment health, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. All classes of employees are eligible to continue coverage upon retirement. Qualified spouses, domestic partners, and children may qualify for coverage. Coverage for retirees and eligible dependents continues until Medicare eligibility for each individual (or until dependent children become ineligible).

Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements. The postretirement healthcare plan is established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit employer contribution. The District did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan.

Funding Policy: The benefits from this program are paid by the District on a self-pay basis and the required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements. There is no obligation on the part of the District to fund these benefits in advance.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The District engaged an actuary to perform an evaluation as of July 1, 2019 using entry age normal, level percent of salary Actuarial Cost Method. The Single Employer Pension Plan liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods including the measurement:

Discount Rate per year	2.21%
General Inflation Rate per year	2.50%
Salary Scale per year	3.50%
Health care cost trends are as follows:	

Year	Trend	Year	Trend
2019	15.75 %	2043-2049	5.00 %
2020	6.00	2050-2064	4.75
2021	5.25	2065-2067	4.50
2022-2024	5.00	2068-2071	4.25
2025-2042	4.75	2072+	4.00

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 general and safety employee and healthy retiree tables, sex distinct for members and dependents, with a one-year setback for male general service employees and female safety employees. Future mortality improvement is not projected as it would be immaterial to the valuation.

Turnover rates were based on percentages developed for the valuation of benefits under Oregon PERS and vary by years of service.

Disability was not used.

Retirement rates were based on the valuation of benefits under Oregon PERS.

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

### Changes in Medical Benefit OPEB Liability:

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 65,662
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	3,314
Interest	2,356
Changes of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	3,862
Benefit Payments	(3,353)
Net Changes for the Year	 6,179
Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2021	\$ 71,841

### Sensitivity of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability to Changes in Discount and Trend Rates.

The following presents the net other post-employment benefit liability (NOL), calculated using the discount rate of 2.21 percent, as well as what the liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage-point lower (1.21 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.21 percent) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (1.21%)		count Rate 2.21%)	1% Increase (3.21%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 76,003	\$	71,841	\$	67,848	

The following a sensitivity analysis for changes in healthcare cost trend assumptions.

	1%	Decrease	 Rates	1%	Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$	66,389	\$ 71,841	\$	77,977

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

	 red Inflows esources	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or inputs Benefit Payments	\$ 30,598 3,271 -	\$	- 11,220 4,191	
Deferred outflow (inflow)	\$ 33,869	\$	15,411	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	A	mount
2022	\$	(3,388)
2023		(3,388)
2024		(3,388)
2025		(3,388)
2026		(3,388)
Thereafter		(5,709)
Total	\$	(22,649)

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Airport has a comprehensive risk management program which primarily utilizes commercial insurance, with certain self-insurance to provide protection from losses involving property, liability, injuries to personnel, and errors and omissions, with various deductibles and self-insured retentions.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and no settlements have been paid in excess of insurance coverage during the last three fiscal years.

### **NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and State of Oregon governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, could become a liability of the airport. Management believes amounts disallowed, if any, would not be material to the airport.

Unemployment claims are self-insured. During the budgetary process a reserve is deposited into the Unemployment Fund sufficient to cover the payment of benefits projected for the future fiscal year.

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 12 - COVID - 19**

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused disruption through mandated and voluntary closure of government and business activities. These developments are expected to impact Airport revenues. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. Therefore, the Airport expects this matter to negatively affect its operating results. However, the related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

### **NOTE 13 – PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS**

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations. The limitation provides that property taxes for non-school operations are limited to \$10.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt.

An additional limit reduces the amount of operating property tax revenues available. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values for 1997-98 back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The Constitution also sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues.

### **NOTE 14 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS AND LOANS**

### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Transfers In:			
General Fund	\$ 4,619,138	General Fund	\$ 450,000
DHS Fund	410,000	Passenger Facility Charges Fund	35,098
Building Reserve Fund	150,000	BLM Fund	150,000
Unemployment Fund	40,000	BEC Fund	65,000
		DHS Fund	175,000
		Construction Fund	 4,344,040
Total	\$ 5,219,138	Total	\$ 5,219,138

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### **Interfund Loans**

Interfund loans were paid off during the fiscal year and there are no balances left at June 30, 2021.

June 30, 2021

### **NOTE 15 – INTEREST EXPENSE**

Total interest expense, on the accrual basis, during the 2020-2021 fiscal year was \$670,386. No interest was capitalized.



### COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

For the fiscal year ended June 30,2021

### Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	prop of t	(b) Employer's oportionate share f the net pension liability (NPL)		(c) District's covered payroll	(b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2021	0.01 %	\$	1,236,695	\$	695,828	177.7 %	75.8 %
2020	0.01		1,215,676		648,756	187.4	80.2
2019	0.01		919,808		727,430	126.4	82.1
2018	0.01		920,705		696,748	132.1	83.1
2017	0.01		1,008,544		685,967	147.0	80.5
2016	0.01		378,116		666,322	56.7	91.9
2015	0.01		(131,682)		607,062	(21.7)	103.6
2014	0.01		296,461		598,858	49.5	92.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compliled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

### **Schedule of Contributions**

Year Ended June 30,	Ended required		rela st re	ributions in tion to the atutorily equired ntribution	defi	ribution ciency cess)	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2021	\$	115,999	\$	115,999	\$	-	\$ 737,006	15.7 %
2020		111,033		111,033		-	695,828	16.0
2019		70,178		70,178		-	648,756	10.8
2018		76,124		76,124		-	727,430	10.5
2017		55,744		55,744		-	696,748	8.0
2016		54,248		54,248		-	685,967	7.9
2015		47,514		47,514		-	666,322	7.1
2014		43,599		43,599		-	607,062	7.2

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compliled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

### **COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT** Required Supplementary Information For the fiscal year ended June 30,2021

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Total OPEB Liabiltiy		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Changes for the year:	ф	2 244	Φ.	2.005	Φ.	0.000	Φ.	2.054	
Service cost Interest	\$	3,314 2,356	\$	2,885 3.716	\$	2,866 3,594	\$	3,051 3,064	
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-		-,	
Differences between expected and actual experience				(39,218)		-			
Changes in assumptions or other input		3,862		9,974		(1,461)		(4,043)	
Benefit payments		(3,353)		(9,582)		(9,205)		(8,830)	
Net changes in total OPEB liability		6,179		(32,225)		(4,206)		(6,758)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		65,662		97,887		102,093	•	108,851	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	71,841	\$	65,662	\$	97,887	\$	102,093	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	772,546	\$	744,030	\$	672,545	(	681,509	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		9%		9%		15%		15%	

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compliled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.



Combining Balance Sheet For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Total		General Fund	Building Reserve Fund	Co	onstruction Fund
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,743,775	\$	3,662,602	\$601,864	\$	388,077
Receivables							
Trade		157,287		74,626	-		-
Reserve for doubtful accounts		(6,180)		(6,180)	-		-
Intergovernmental		330,856			-		330,856
Property taxes		121,335		121,335	<del></del>		<del></del>
Total current assets		7,347,073		3,852,383	601,864		718,933
Non-current assets							
Capital assets		47 000 000		00 000 740			
Depreciable properties, net of accumulated depreciation		47,300,699		32,239,743	-		-
Nondepreciable properties		7,949,295		430,370			5,199,868
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		55,249,994		32,670,113			5,199,868
Total non-current assets		55,249,994		32,670,113			5,199,868
Total assets		62,597,067		36,522,496	601,864		5,918,801
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension related deferral		454,340		454,340	-		-
OPEB related deferral		15,411		15,411	-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		469,751		469,751	_		_
Total access and deferred outflows of recovers	•	•	•	· · · · · ·	Ф 604 964	•	E 040 004
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u> </u>	63,066,818		36,992,247	\$601,864	\$	5,918,801
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable - operating	\$	142,506	\$	115,463	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable - construction		493,302		· _	· _	·	342,735
Accrued payroll costs		62,423		62,423	_		-
Accrued interest on long term debt		272,445		-,	_		_
Deferred Interest - Current		56,309		56,309	_		_
Unearned revenue		22,599		19,170	_		_
Contractor retention payable		263,565		-	_		167,437
Accrued compensated absences		83,127		83,127	_		-
Current portion of long-term debt		938,621		180,903	_		_
Total current liabilities		2,334,897	-	517,395			510,172
		, ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>
Non-current liabilities							
Deferred Interest		788,321		788,321	-		-
Long-term debt		16,677,104		976,579	-		-
Net pension liability		1,236,695		1,236,695	-		-
Net OPEB liability		71,841		71,841			
Total non-current liabilities		18,773,961	_	3,073,436			
Total liabilities		21,108,858		3,590,831			510,172
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension related deferral		252,889		252,889	_		_
OPEB related deferral		33,869		33,869	_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		286,758	_	286,758			-
		*					
NET POSITION							
Net invested in capital assets		38,903,033		31,512,631	-		5,199,868
Unrestricted		2,768,169		1,602,027	\$601,864		208,761
Total net position		41,671,202		33,114,658	601,864		5,408,629
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	63,066,818	\$	36,992,247	\$601,864	\$	5,918,801

	DHS Multi Services Campus Fund	Er	usiness iterprise Center Fund		BLM Fund	F C	ssenger facility harges Fund	Un	employ- ment Fund
\$	676,558	\$	98,287	\$	1,256,190	\$	3,001	\$	57,196
	71,143		609		-		10,909		-
	-		-		-		-		-
_	747,701		98,896		1,256,190		13,910		- 57,196
			30,030				13,910		37,190
	13,023,541		-		2,037,415 2,319,057		-		-
_	13,023,541		-		4,356,472		-	_	-
	13,023,541		-		4,356,472		-		-
	13,771,242		98,896		5,612,662		13,910		57,196
	-		-		-		-		-
									-
_	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>				
\$	13,771,242	\$	98,896	\$	5,612,662	\$	13,910	\$	57,196
\$	3,007	\$	1,710	\$	22,326 150,567	\$	- -	\$	- -
	-		-		-		-		-
	272,445		-		-		=		-
	-		3,429		-		<del>-</del> -		-
	-		-		96,128		-		-
	- 450,562		-		307,156		-		-
	726,014	_	5,139	_	576,177		-		-
	- 11,153,302 -		- - -		- 4,547,223 -		- - -		- - -
	11,153,302				4,547,223				
	11,155,502				4,541,225				
	11,879,316		5,139		5,123,400		-		
	-		-		-		-		-
	-						_		-
	1,419,677 472,249		93,757		770,857 (281,595)		13,910		57,196
	1,891,926		93,757		489,262		13,910		57,196
\$	13,771,242	\$	98,896	\$	5,612,662	\$	13,910	\$	57,196

## Reconciliation of Budgetary Cash Basis Revenues and Expenditures to GAAP, Accrual Basis, Income For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeta Receipts		Basis Boursements	ľ	Net Change in Fund
EUND	Receipts	DIS	bursements		Balance
General Fund	\$ 6,207,906	\$	3,269,688	\$	2,938,218
Building Reserve Fund	600,039		-		600,039
Construction Fund	6,571,572		6,195,428		376,144
DHS Multi Services Campus Fund	1,963,247		1,861,796		101,451
Business Enterprise Center Fund	95,500		99,121		(3,621)
BLM Facility Fund	2,045,334		2,624,778		(579,444)
Passenger Facility Charges Fund	35,097		35,098		(1)
Unemployment Fund	40,000		11,719		28,281
Total - budgetary reporting basis	\$ 17,558,695	\$	14,097,628		3,461,067
Add (deduct) adjustments to budgetary reporting basis we results of operations on financial reporting basis in accordaccounting principles:  Receivables:		-			77 000
Trade					77,029
Intergovernmental					(2,369,921)
Taxes					(9,195)
Prepaid expenses					(16,363)
Accounts payable					543,951
Accrued expenses					(44,666)
Accrued interest					11,337
Retainage payable					115,237
Deferred revenues - current					(17,977)
Deferred interest payable					56,308
Accrued compensated absences					(7,221)
Depreciation and amortization					(3,142,241)
Deferred inflows - pension related deferral					(110,710)
Deferred outflows - pension related deferral					12,919
Net pension liability					(21,019)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related deferral					4,908
Deferred outflows - OPEB related deferral					3,180
Net OPEB liability					(6,179)
Capital asset additions					6,977,430
Long-term debt principal					1,489,885
Loan proceeds					(1,400,000)
Income (loss) (GAAP Accrual Basis)				\$	5,607,759

# Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis GENERAL FUND

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted An		nounts		Actual		Variance with	
		Original	Final		Amounts		_Fir	nal Budget
RECEIPTS						_		
Current taxes	\$	1,286,180	\$	1,286,180	\$	1,271,719	\$	(14,461)
Prior taxes		63,095		63,095		79,669		16,574
Business park building and land leases		231,237		231,237		267,182		35,945
Aeronautical								
Hangars		45,960		45,960		53,003		7,043
Corporate hangars-land leases		19,096		19,096		30,000		10,904
Overnight ramp fees		93,799		93,799		119,546		25,747
Landing fees		60.00		60.00		217		157
Airport use fees		202,565		202,565		273,747		71,182
Carriers		52,500		52,500		58,245		5,745
Fuel fees		60,000		60,000		69,893		9,893
Fixed based operators Non-Aeronautical		76,200		76,200		77,193		993
Land leases		18,178		18,178		15,169		(3,009)
Ground transportation		900		900		1,500		600
Terminal rooms		99,485		99,485		111,861		12,376
Terminal advertising		12,750		12,750		12,100		(650)
Concessions		95,485		95,485		102,132		6,647
Rental parking		5,760		5,760		6,480		720
Apartment rentals		12,000		12,000		11,000		(1,000)
Interest on investments		14,305		14,305		15,233		928
Security background fees		700		700		940		240
US DOT air route subsidy		50,000		50,000		0.0		(50,000)
Federal grants		2,086,590		2,536,590		3,130,888		594,298
Reimbursements & cost shares		2,000,000		-		1,537		1,537
Miscellaneous		2,270		2,270		3,554		1,284
Total receipts		4,529,115		4,979,115		5,712,808		733,693
DISBURSEMENTS								
Personnel services		1,466,851		1,466,851 <sup>1</sup>		1,306,206		160,645
Materials and services		1,289,981		1,289,981 <sup>1</sup>		850,629		439,352
Capital outlay		295,000		295,000 <sup>1</sup>		226,031		68,969
Debt service		293,000		293,000		220,031		00,909
Principal and interest		305,817		345,817		336,822		8,995
Contingency				2,064,672		330,022		
Contingency		2,064,672		2,004,072				2,064,672
Total disbursements		5,422,321		5,462,321		2,719,688		2,742,633
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (carried forward to next page)	\$	(893,206)	\$	(483,206)	\$	2,993,120	\$	3,476,326

# Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis GENERAL FUND

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with			
	(	Original		Final			Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements (carried forward from previous page)	\$	(893,206)	\$	(483,206)		\$	2,993,120	\$	3,476,326
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Interfund loan out Interfund loan repayment Transfers in Transfers out  Total other financing sources (uses)		625,000 293,040 (235,000) 683,040		(100,000) 725,000 293,040 (645,000) 273,040			(100,000) 220,000 275,098 (450,000)		(505,000) (17,942) 195,000 (327,942)
Net change in fund balance		(210,166)		(210,166)			2,938,218		3,148,384
FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS Beginning of the year		210,166		210,166			724,384		514,218
End of the Year	\$		\$				3,662,602	\$	3,662,602
RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY AND Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Capital assets (net of depreciation) Deferred outflows - pension related deferred inflows - pension related deferred outflows - OPEB related deferred inflows - OPEB related deferred accounts payable Payroll liabilities Leasehold security deposits Deferred interest payable Deferred revenue Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Debt payable  Net Position, June 30, 2021 (GAAP, acc	ferral erral erral ral		UNT	ING PRINCIF	PLES	\$	68,446 121,335 32,670,113 454,340 (252,889) 15,411 (33,869) (115,463) (62,423) (460) (844,629) (18,710) (83,127) (1,236,695) (71,841) (1,157,483) 33,114,658		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total equals appropriations

# Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis BUILDING RESERVE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts			nounts		Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget	
RECEIPTS Interest on investments	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	39	\$	(2,961)
Total receipts		3,000		3,000		39		(2,961)
DISBURSEMENTS								
Total disbursements		-				-		-
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements		3,000		3,000		39		(2,961)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Interfund loan repayment Transfers in	) \$ 	450,000 150,000		450,000 150,000		450,000 150,000		- -
Total other financing sources (uses)		600,000		600,000		600,000		
Net change in fund balance		603,000		603,000		600,039		(2,961)
FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS Beginning of the year		1,491		1,491		1,825		334
End of the year	\$	604,491	\$	604,491	\$	601,864	\$	(2,627)

# Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis CONSTRUCTION FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		ed Amounts	_ Actual	Variance with				
RECEIPTS	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget				
FAA grants State grants	\$ 9,467,632 150,000	\$ 9,467,632 150,000	\$ 6,410,355 161,217	\$ (3,057,277) 11,217				
Total receipts	9,617,632	9,617,632	6,571,572	(3,046,060)				
DISBURSEMENTS Capital outlay	8,454,430	8,454,430	5,625,428	2,829,002				
Total disbursements	8,454,430	8,454,430	5,625,428	2,829,002				
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	1,163,202	1,163,202	946,144	(217,058)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund loan proceeds Interfund loan repayments Transfers in	75,000 (1,075,000) 120,000	75,000 (1,075,000) 120,000	(570,000)	(75,000) 505,000 (120,000)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(880,000)	(880,000)	(570,000)	310,000				
Net change in fund balance	283,202.00	283,202.00	376,144	92,942				
FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS Beginning of the year	34,463	34,463	11,933	(22,530)				
End of the year	\$ 317,665	\$ 317,665	388,077	\$ 70,412				
RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES Intergovernmental receivable Construction in progress Accounts payable Contractor retention payable (342,735) (167,437)								
Net Position, June 30, 2021 (GAAP, accrua	al basis)		\$ 5,408,629					

# Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis DHS Multi Service Campus Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
RECEIPTS Rent receipts Interest on investments Reimbursements	\$ 1,660,441 8,473	\$ 1,660,441 8,473 -	\$ 1,448,063 1,828 3,356	\$ (212,378) (6,645) 3,356	
Total receipts	1,668,914	1,668,914	1,453,247	(215,667)	
DISBURSEMENTS  Materials and services Debt service Operating contingency	284,264 1,040,788 732,809	384,264 1,450,788 632,809	1 142,878 1,443,918 -	241,386 6,870 632,809	
Total disbursements	2,057,861	2,467,861	1,586,796	881,065	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	(388,947)	(798,947)	(133,549)	665,398	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund loan proceeds Interfund loan repayment Transfers in Transfers out	(175,000)	100,000 (100,000) 410,000 (175,000)	100,000 (100,000) 410,000 (175,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(175,000)	235,000	235,000		
Net change in fund balance	(563,947)	(563,947)	101,451	665,398	
FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS Beginning of the year	563,947	563,947	575,107	11,160	
End of the year	\$ -	\$ -	676,558	\$ 676,558	
RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY AC Accounts receivable Capital assets Interest payable Accounts payable Loan payable Loan premium	CEPTED ACCO	UNTING PRINCIPL	71,143 13,023,541 (272,445) (3,007) (10,394,994) (1,208,870)		
Net Position, June 30, 2021 (GAAP, accru	ual basis)		\$ 1,891,926		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total equals appropriations

# COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis BUSINESS ENTERPRISE CENTER FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgete	d Ar	nounts		Actual		Variance with	
	0	riginal		Final		Aı	mounts	Fina	al Budget
RECEIPTS									
Rent receipts	\$	78,954	\$	78,954		\$	93,054	\$	14,100
Reimbursements							1,366		1,366
Security deposit		-			•		1,080		1,080
Total receipts		78,954		78,954	·		95,500		16,546
DISBURSEMENTS									
Materials and services		60,357		60,357	1		34,121		26,236
Contingency		49,807		49,807			-		49,807
									,
Total disbursements		110,164		110,164			34,121		76,043
Excess (deficiency) of receipts									
over (under) disbursements		(31,210)		(31,210)			61,379		92,589
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	`								
Transfers out	'	(65,000)		(65,000)			(65,000)		_
		(,,		(22,222)			(,,		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(65,000)		(65,000)			(65,000)		-
Net change in fund balance		(96,210)		(96,210)			(3,621)		92,589
FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS		00.040		00.040			404.000		F 000
Beginning of the year		96,210		96,210	į		101,908		5,698
End of the year	\$	-	\$	-			98,287	\$	98,287

### RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Accounts receivable	609
Accounts payable	(1,710)
Security deposits	 (3,429)
Net Position, June 30, 2021 (GAAP, accrual basis)	\$ 93,757

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total equals appropriations

# Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis BLM FACILITY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

RECEIPTS         \$ 642,012         \$ 642,012         \$ 645,330         \$ 3,318           Interest on investments         -         -         2         2           Miscellaneous         -         -         2         2           Total receipts         642,012         642,012         645,334         3,322           DISBURSEMENTS  Materials and services         220,497         220,497         174,991         45,506	_
Rent receipts         \$ 642,012         \$ 642,012         \$ 645,330         \$ 3,318           Interest on investments         -         -         2         2           Miscellaneous         -         -         2         2           Total receipts         642,012         642,012         645,334         3,322           DISBURSEMENTS	_
Interest on investments         -         -         2         2           Miscellaneous         -         -         2         2           Total receipts         642,012         642,012         645,334         3,322           DISBURSEMENTS	
Miscellaneous         -         -         2         2           Total receipts         642,012         642,012         645,334         3,322           DISBURSEMENTS	
Total receipts 642,012 642,012 645,334 3,322  DISBURSEMENTS	
DISBURSEMENTS	scellaneous _
	ıl receipts _
	RURSEMENTS
Capital outlay 1,763,490 2,563,490 1 1,855,859 707,631	
Debt service 458,976 458,976 443,928 15,048	
Operating contingency 63,591 - 63,591 - 63,591	
Total disbursements 2,506,554 3,306,554 2,474,778 831,776	l disbursements
Excess (deficiency) of receipts	ess (deficiency) of receipts
over (under) disbursements (1,864,542) (2,664,542) (1,829,444) 835,098	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	IER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
Transfers out (150,000) (150,000) -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Issuance of debt 1,100,000 1,400,000 -	
	_
Total other financing sources (uses) 950,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 -	l other financing sources (uses)
Net change in fund balance (914,542) (1,414,542) (579,444) 835,098	change in fund balance
FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS	ID BALANCES - CASH BASIS
Beginning of the year 914,542 1,414,542 1,835,634 421,092	
End of the year \$ - \$ - 1,256,190 \$ 1,256,190	of the year
RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES	
Capital assets 4,356,472	•
Accounts payable (172,893)	
Contractor retention payable (96,128)	
Loan payable (4,854,379)	an payable
Net Position, June 30, 2021 (GAAP, accrual basis) \$\\ 489,262	Position, June 30, 2021 (GAAP, accru

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total equals appropriations

# Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgete	d An	nounts		Actual		Variance with	
	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	Fina	Final Budget	
RECEIPTS									
Passenger facilities charges	\$	53,000	\$	53,000	\$	35,088	\$	(17,912)	
Interest on investments		40		40		9_		(31)	
Total receipts		53,040		53,040		35,097		(17,943)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Total disbursements		-		-					
Excess (deficiency) of receipts									
over (under) disbursements		53,040		53,040		35,097		(17,943)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(53,040)		(53,040)		(35,098)		17,942	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(53,040)		(53,040)		(35,098)		17,942	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(1)		(1)	
FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS									
Beginning of the year		3,000		3,000		3,002		2	
End of the year	\$	3,000	\$	3,000		3,001	\$	1	

### RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Accounts receivable	 10,909
Net Position, June 30, 2021 (GAAP, accrual basis)	\$ 13,910

# Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Cash Basis UNEMPLOYMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
DECEMBE		rigiliai				mounts	- 1111	n Daaget
RECEIPTS								
Total Receipts	\$		\$		\$		\$	
DISBURSEMENTS Operations		60,000		60,000		11,719		48,281
<b>F</b> 5					-	,		,
Total disbursements		60,000		60,000		11,719		48,281
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(60,000)		(60,000)		(11,719)		48,281
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		40,000		40,000		40,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		40,000		40,000		40,000		
Net change in fund balance		(20,000)		(20,000)		28,281		48,281
FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS								
Beginning of the year		28,915		28,915		28,915		-
End of the year	\$	8,915	\$	8,915		57,196	\$	48,281
RECONCILIATION TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES  Accounts payable -								
Net Position, June 30, 2021 (GAAP, accr	ual ba	asis)			\$	57,196		

### COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Organization	Pass-Through Entity Number	Federal Expenditures	<u>-</u>	Passed Through Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Transportation						
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	US DOT	3-41-0041-043-2019	1,118,888	(1)	_
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	US DOT	3-41-0041-044-2019	3,131,042	(1)	-
COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program	20.106	US DOT	3-41-0041-045-2019	1,816,046	(1)	-
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	US DOT	3-41-0041-046-2019	74,441	(1)	-
COVID-19 Airport Improvement Program	20.106	US DOT	3-41-0041-047-2019	1,004,549	(1)	
TOTAL GRANTS EXPENDED OR PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS					_	\$ -

<sup>(1) -</sup> Major Program

# COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

### **Southwest Oregon Regional Airport - OTH**

	Quarter Ending									
	•	ember 30, 2020		ember 31, 2020	M	arch 31, 2021	June 30, 2021		Total	
Balance of unliquidated PFC's at beginning of period	\$	3,021	\$	11,564	\$	18,593	\$	24,324	\$	3,021
Revenues: PFC receipts Interest earned		8,542 1		7,027 2		5,729 2		13,790 4		35,088 9
Total revenues		8,543		7,029		5,731		13,794		35,097
Expenses: Application 09-09-C-00-OTH								35,098		35,098
Total expenses								35,098		35,098
Balance of unliquidated PFC's at end of period	\$	11,564	\$	18,593	\$	24,324	\$	3,020	\$	3,020



### COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Schedule of Cash and Investments June 30, 2021

CASH ON DEPOSIT  Umpqua Bank Checking accounts Money Market accounts Oregon Pacific Bank Checking Banner Bank Checking Local Government Investment Pool Cash on hand	\$ 1,649,508 96,073 4,298 1,247,332 3,746,303 261
Total	\$ 6,743,775
OWNERSHIP OF CASH General Fund BEC Fund BLM Facility Fund Construction Fund Passenger Facilities Charges Fund Building Reserve Fund Unemployment Fund DHS Fund	\$ 3,662,602 98,287 1,256,190 388,077 3,001 601,864 57,196 676,558
Total	\$ 6,743,775

## COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT Schedule for Retirement of Long-term Obiligations

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

_	Business Oregon Infrastructure Finance Authority		Oregon Pacific Bank	Banner Bank		
		DUIO	DUIO	Refinance		
	Torminal	DHS	DHS	& BLM	Takal	
	Terminal	Build	Remodel	Improvements	Total	
Yearly						
2021-22						
Principal		\$ 359,138	\$ 91,424	\$ 488,059	\$ 938,621	
Interest	\$ 56,309	461,407	47,599	193,949	759,264	
Total	56,309	820,545	139,023	682,008	1,697,885	
2022-23						
Principal		377,095	95,367	504,663	977,125	
Interest	56,309	443,450	43,656	177,346	720,761	
Total	56,309	820,545	139,023	682,009	1,697,886	
2023-24						
Principal		395,200	99,480	522,867	1,017,547	
Interest	56,309	424,596	39,543	160,177	680,625	
Total	56,309	819,796	139,023	683,044	1,698,172	
2024-25						
Principal		413,459	103,771	391,602	908,832	
Interest	56,309	404,836	35,252	144,649	641,046	
Total	56,309	818,295	139,023	536,251	1,549,878	
2025-26		404.000	100.010	404.004	0.45.050	
Principal	50.000	431,882	108,246	404,924	945,052	
Interest	56,309	384,163	30,776	131,327	602,575	
Total	56,309	816,045	139,022	536,251	1,547,627	
5 Year Increm	anto					
2026-31	ienis					
Principal		2,517,056	614,690	2,240,862	5,372,608	
Interest	281,543	1,573,170	80,423	440,391	2,375,527	
Total	281,543	4,090,226	695,113	2,681,253	7,748,135	
2031-36	201,040	4,030,220	033,113	2,001,200	7,740,100	
Principal		3,212,280	53,872	1,458,884	4,725,036	
Interest	281,541	877,945	551	72,973	1,233,010	
Total	281,541	4,090,225	54,423	1,531,857	5,958,046	
2036-41		.,000,220		.,001,001	3,000,010	
Principal		1,522,034			1,522,034	
Interest		115,056			115,056	
Total	_	1,637,090			1,637,090	
Totals						
Principal	-	9,228,144	1,166,850	6,011,861	16,406,855	
Interest	844,629	4,684,623	277,800	1,320,812	7,127,864	
Total	\$ 844,629	\$ 13,912,767	\$ 1,444,650	\$ 7,332,673	\$ 23,534,719	

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AS REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



### PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72<sup>nd</sup> Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

December 21, 2021

### **Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations**

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Coos County Airport District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

### **Compliance**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. As such, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Coos County Airport District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

### OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, management, and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

# COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT COMPLIANCE REVIEW



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December 21, 2021

To the Board of Commissioners Coos County Airport District Coos County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the of the Coos County Airport District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2021.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



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To the Board of Commissioners Coos County Airport District Coos County, Oregon December 21, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Coos County Airport District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Coos County Airport District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Other Matters

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



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December 21, 2021

To the Board of Commissioners Coos County Airport District Coos County, Oregon

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

### Report on Compliance on the Passenger Facility Charge Program

We have audited Coos County Airport District's compliance with the compliance requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA Audit Guide), for its passenger facility charge program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its passenger facility charge program.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's passenger facility charge program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Federal Aviation Administration, *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*. Those standards and the FAA Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the passenger facility charge program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### **Opinion on the Passenger Facility Charge Program**

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Other Matters

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect the passenger facility charge program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the passenger facility charge program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the FAA Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement for the passenger facility charge program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the passenger facility charge program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement for the passenger facility charge program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the FAA Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tara M. Kamp, CPA PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

## **COOS COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021

### SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	☐ yes	⊠ no
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	☐ yes	⊠ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	☐ yes	⊠ no
Any GAGAS audit findings disclosed that are required to be reporting in accordance with section the Uniform Guidance?	☐ yes	⊠ no
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	☐ yes	⊠ no
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	⊠ none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	☐ yes	⊠ no
IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS		
20.106 Airport Improvement Program		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	⊠ yes	☐ no

### **SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

None noted.

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONS COSTS

None noted.

## <u>SECTION III - PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS</u>

None noted.

### SECTION IV – SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None noted.

## NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of passenger facility charges is a supplementary schedule to Coos County Airport District's financial statements and is presented for purposes of additional analysis. Because the schedule of expenditures of facility charges presents only a selected portion of the activities of the County, it is not intended to and does not present either the net position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the entity.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The entity has not elected to use the ten percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

### 3. PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES

Title 49, US Code Section 40117, authorizes the Secretary of Transportation (further delegated to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Administrator) to approve the local imposition of an airport passenger facility charge (PFC) of up to \$4.50 per enplaned passenger for use on certain airport projects. The revenue is collected by air carriers on behalf of an airport, and subsequently remitted to the airport. The FAA has granted the District the authority to impose and use PFC revenue on approved projects.